AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Claim 1-58 (Cancelled)

59. (New) A microporous material comprising organic macromolecules comprised of first generally planar species connected by rigid linkers predominantly to a maximum of two other said first species, said rigid linkers having a point of contortion such that two adjacent first planar species connected by the linker are held in non-coplanar orientation.

- 60. (New) A microporous material according to claim 59, wherein the point of contortion is a spiro group, a bridged ring moiety or a sterically congested single covalent bond around which there is restricted rotation.
- 61. (New) A microporous material according to claim 59, wherein the point of contortion is provided by a substituted or unsubstituted spiro-indane, bicyclo-octane, biphenyl or binaphthyl moiety.
- 62. (New) A microporous material according to claim 59, wherein each of the first planar species comprises at least one aromatic ring.
- 63. (New) A microporous material according to claim 59, wherein each of the first planar species comprises a substituted or unsubstituted moiety of the formula:

where X is O, S or NH.

64. (New) A microporous material according to claim 59, wherein the material comprises repeating units of formula:

which may be substituted or unsubstituted.

65. (New) A microporous material according to claim 59, wherein the material comprises repeating units of formula:

which may be substituted or unsubstituted.

66. (New) A microporous material according to claim 59, wherein the material comprises repeating units of formula:

- 67. (New) A microporous material according to claim 64, wherein the organic macromolecules are comprised of at least 70 % by mole of the repeating unit.
- 68. (New) A microporous material according to claim 65, wherein the organic macromolecules are comprised of at least 80 % by mole of the repeating unit.
- 69. (New) A microporous material according to claim 66, wherein the organic macromolecules are comprised of at least 90 % by mole of the repeating unit.
- 70. (New) A microporous material according to claim 59, wherein the material has a surface area of at least 300 m² g⁻¹.
- 71. (New) A microporous material according to claim 59, wherein the material has an average pore diameter of less than 100 nm.

72. (New) A microporous material according to claim 59, wherein the material has a number average mass in the range 1 x 10^3 to 1000 x 10^3 amu compared to polystyrene standards.

73. (New) A method for producing the microporous material of claim 59 comprising reacting a first monomer unit having a point of contortion with a pair of second generally planar monomer units.

74. (New) A membrane comprising a microporous material according to claim 59.

75. (New) A membrane according to claim 74, wherein the membrane has a thickness which is less than or equal to 2 mm.

76. (New) A membrane according to claim 74, wherein the membrane includes an additional entity selected from a catalyst species, an organometallic species, an inorganic species, at least one type of metal ion; and at least one type of metal particle.

77. (New) A method for producing a free standing membrane in accordance with claim 74, the method comprising the steps of: i) casting a solution of the microporous material of which the membrane is comprised; and ii) evaporating the solvent to produce the membrane.

MCKEOWN ET AL. Appl. No. To be assigned

January 26, 2006

78. (New) A method in accordance with claim 77, wherein the membrane produced

is cross-linked using a suitable cross-linking agent.

79. (New) A method for separating a first species from a mixture of said first

species and a second species, the method comprising the steps of: i) applying the

mixture to one side of a membrane in accordance with claim 74; ii) causing the first

species to pass through the membrane; and iii) collecting the first species from an

opposite side of the membrane.

80. (New) A method for enriching a first species in a first mixture of said first

species and a second species, the method comprising the steps of: i) applying the

first mixture to one side of a membrane in accordance with claim 74; ii) causing the

first mixture to pass through the membrane; and iii) collecting a second mixture of

the first and second species, which is enriched in respect of the first species

compared to the first mixture, from an opposite side of the membrane.

81. (New) A catalyst system comprising a catalytic species and a microporous

material according to claim 59.

82. (New) A tissue support comprising a microporous material according to claim

59.

-8-

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83. (New) A molecular sensor comprising a microporous material according to

claim 59.

84. (New) An opto-electronic material comprising a microporous material according

to claim 59.

85. (New) A microporous material comprising organic macromolecules comprised

of first generally planar species connected by rigid linkers having a point of

contortion such that two adjacent first planar species connected by the linker are

held in non-coplanar orientation, subject to the proviso that the first species are other

than porphyrinic macrocycles.